The following tests should be conducted for all patients presenting to the Emergency Department with an eating disorder. Seek consultation if there are any concerns or signs indicating admission.

Assessment / Test Required	Signs Indicating Need For Admission Or Consultation
Temperature	Temperature <35.5°C
	Extremities look cold/blue
Blood pressure	 BP < 70/40mm or postural drop > 15mmHg
Pulse	 HR < 50 bpm, >100bpm or >20bpm ↑ in HR Check for regularity as well as rate
Height, weight, weight history	BMI Centile <5 th
Calculate BMI Centile	 Rapid weight loss (e.g., > 1kg/week over
	several weeks)
Bloods	 Low serum potassium (≤3.0mmol/L); low
(UEC, FBC, LFTs, magnesium and	serum phosphate or BSL <3.0mmol/L
phosphate)	Other significant electrolyte disturbance
ECG	 ECG rate <50; Prolonged QTc interval
	>450msecs
	 Arrhythmia
Other medical criteria	 Moderate-severe dehydration; ceased fluid
	intake
	 Ketosis
	 Other physical conditions e.g., pregnancy,
	diabetes
Brief history of eating disorder including	BN with out of control vomiting
extent of purging behaviours and past	 Vomiting more than 4 times a day
treatment	 Weight loss of >1kg/week for four weeks
Assess psychiatric comorbidity, e.g.,	Moderate to high suicidal ideation
depression, OCD, psychosis	Active self-harm
Risk assessment of suicidality, self-harm	 Moderate to high agitation and distress
and harm to others	Other psychiatric condition requiring
	hospitalisation
Other	 Aversive family relationships or severe family
	stress or strain

WHO TO INVOLVE

If any of the above signs arise, it is essential that you involve a consultant with expertise in this area. If there are no systems set up in your local Area, please contact the following hospitals and ask for the eating disorders consultant (available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week):

The Children's Hospital Westmead (patients 12-16 years), Ph: 98450000 Westmead Hospital (patients 15-18 years), Ph: 98455555

INDICATIONS FOR COMMUNITY REFERRAL

If the patient is medically and psychologically stable and does not require a hospital admission, it is recommended that the patient be referred to their GP and considered for referral to the local CAMHS and local Dietitian. If there are no CAMHS clinicians locally, a referral to the Community Health Child and Family team (along with GP and Dietitian) may be an option. The recommended approach for community care for people with an eating disorder is multidisciplinary coordinated care, including medical, psychological and dietetic health professionals, and others as indicated. A paediatrician should monitor patients who are medically compromised or significantly underweight.